DC GHMSI

Rate Filing Justification Part II (Plain Language Summary)

Pursuant to 45 CFR 154.215, health insurance issuers are required to file Rate Filing Justifications. Part II of the Rate Filing Justification for rate increases and new submissions must contain a written description that includes a simple and brief narrative describing the data and assumptions that were used to develop the proposed rates. The Part II template below must be filled out and uploaded as an Adobe PDF file under the Consumer Disclosure Form section of the Supporting Documentation tab.

Name of Company	Group Hospitalization & Medical Services Inc.				
SERFF tracking number	CFAP-131468322				
Submission Date	6/1/2018				
Product Name	BluePreferred				
Market Type:	0	Individual	۲	Small Group	
Rate Filing Type:	۲	Rate Increase	0	New Filing	
Scope and Range of the Increase:					
The	5.2	% increase is requested bec	ause	:	

The main drivers of the 2019 rate increase are a) increased morbidity b) increased demographics c) trend of 7.5% d) the removal of the Health Insurer Fee in 2019 and e) lower anticipated receivables from risk adjustment.

This filing will impact:

of policyholder's 14,729 # of covered lives 25,631

The average, minimum and maximum rate changes increases are:

- Average Rate Change: The average premium change, by percentage, across all policy holders if the filing is approved 5.2 %
- Minimum Rate Change: The smallest premium increase (or largest decrease), by percentage, that any one policy holder 3.0 % would experience if the filing is approved
- Maximum Rate Change: The largest premium increase, by percentage, that any one policy holder would experience 20.0 % if the filing is approved

Individuals within the group may vary from the aggregate of the above increase components as a result of: Product selection, changes in age factors, and changes in family composition.

Financial Experience of Product

The overall financial experience of the product includes:

In 2017, a total of \$176.3 million in premium was collected and \$143.7 million in claims were paid out. We received \$10.9 million paid in risk adjustment, for a loss ratio of 75.3%. However, the rate increase of the product is driven partially by the combined Individual and Small group experience, which collected \$216.4 million in premium and paid out \$207.9 million in claims and paid \$17.2 million in risk adjustment for a loss ratio of 88.1%.

The rate increase will affect the projected financial experience of the product by: The proposed rate increases are aimed to bring the loss ratio for the combined Individual/small group pool up to a projected 85.2%.

Components of Increase						
The request is made up of the following components:						
Trend Increases –	7.5 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase				
1. Medical Utilization Changes – Defined as the increase in total plan claim costs not attributable to						
changes in the unit cost of underlying services, or renegotiation of provider contracts. Examples include changes in the mix of services utilized, or an						
increase/decrease in the frequency of service utilization.						
This component is	2.5 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase.				
2. Medical Price Changes – Defined as the increase in total plan claim costs attributable to changes in						
the unit cost of underlying services, or renegotiation of provider contracts.						
This component is	4.9 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase.				
Other Increases –	(2.1) % of the	5.2 % total filed increase				
1. Medical Benefit Changes Required by Law – Defined as any new mandated plan benefit changes, as mandated						
by either State or Federal	Regulation.					
This component is	0.0 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase.				
2 Madical Danafit Changes	lat Desuited by Law. Defined as a					
 Medical Benefit Changes Not Required by Law – Defined as changes in plan benefit design made by the company, which are not required by either State or Federal Regulation. 						
This component is	-0.3 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase.				
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3. Changes to Administration Costs – Defined as increases in the costs of providing insurance coverage.						
Examples include claims payment expenses, distribution costs, taxes, and general business expenses such as rent, salaries,						
and overhead.						
This component is	-2.3 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase.				
4. Changes to Profit Margin – Defined as increases to company surplus or changes as an additional margin to cover						
the risk of the company.	Defined as increases to company s					
This component is	-1.9 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase.				
5. Other – Defined as:						
Removal of the Health Insurer Fee in 2019, and less anticipated risk adjustment receivables.						
This component is	2.4 % of the	5.2 % total filed increase.				